

Expectation and Variance Derivation*

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The following two equations transform the input into output in a neural net:

$$\begin{aligned} O(x) &= B + QH(x) \\ H(x) &= \tanh(A + Wx) \end{aligned}$$

where x is an n-tuple of data represented as a column vector and the capital letters denote matrices. The dimensions of these matrices are:

$$\begin{array}{ll} W & m \times n \\ A & m \times 1 \\ Q & p \times m \\ B & p \times 1 \end{array}$$

and it is assumed that the entries of the matrices are taken from a normal distribution with mean 0. For simplicity, we assume $A + Wx$ is sufficiently close to 0 to permit the simplifying assumption that \tanh is linear with constant slope a . Thus:

$$\begin{aligned} O(x) &= B + QH(x) \\ H(x) &= a(A + Wx) \end{aligned}$$

Combining these two formulae into a more convenient form:

$$O(x) = B + aQA + aQWx$$

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Now we write

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= O(x_1) = B + aQA + aQWx_1 \\ y_2 &= O(x_2) = B + aQA + aQWx_2 \end{aligned}$$

Hence,

$$\Delta y = y_2 - y_1 = aQW(x_2 - x_1)$$

We proceed to derive $E[||y_2 - y_1||^2]$ and $Var[||y_2 - y_1||^2]$. To this end, we introduce $R = QW$ whose entries $r_{i,j}$ are given by

$$r_{i,j} = q_{i,1}w_{1,j} + q_{i,2}w_{2,j} + \dots + q_{i,m}w_{m,j} = \sum_{t=1}^m q_{i,t}w_{t,j}$$

In turn,

$$\Delta y = aQW(x_2 - x_1)$$

whose entries are given by

$$\Delta y_j = a \sum_{s=1}^n r_{i,s} \Delta x_s = a \sum_{s=1}^n \sum_{t=1}^m q_{i,t} w_{t,s} \Delta x_s$$

It suffices to find $E[y_j^2]$ for $1 \leq j \leq p$ because

$$E[||\Delta y||^2] = E[\Delta y_1^2 + \Delta y_2^2 + \dots + \Delta y_p^2] = E[\Delta y_1^2] + E[\Delta y_2^2] + \dots + E[\Delta y_p^2]$$

So we write

$$\Delta y_j^2 = (a \sum_{s=1}^n \sum_{t=1}^m q_{i,t} w_{t,s} \Delta x_s)^2$$

In expanding Δy_j^2 we may ignore terms that are linear in $q_{i,t}$ or $w_{t,j}$, as these are independent and the expected value of each evaluates to 0. That is, the terms of interest have the form

$q_{i,t}^2 w_{t,j}^2$. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned}
E[\Delta y_j^2] &= a^2 E[(q_{i,q} w_{1,1} + \dots + q_{i,m} w_{m,1})^2 \Delta x_1^2 + \dots + (q_{i,1} w_{1,n} + \dots + q_{i,m} w_{m,n})^2 \Delta x_n^2] \\
&= a^2 E[(q_{i,1}^2 w_{1,1}^2 + \dots + q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,1}^2) \Delta x_1^2 + \dots + (q_{i,m}^2 w_{1,n}^2 + \dots + q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,n}^2) \Delta x_n^2] \\
&= a^2 (E[q_{i,1}^2 w_{1,1}^2 + \dots + q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,1}^2] \Delta x_1^2 + \dots + E[q_{i,m}^2 w_{1,n}^2 + \dots + q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,n}^2] \Delta x_n^2) \\
&= a^2 ((E[q_{i,1}^2 w_{1,1}^2] + \dots + E[q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,1}^2]) \Delta x_1^2 \\
&\quad + \dots + (E[q_{i,m}^2 w_{1,n}^2] + \dots + E[q_{i,m}^2 w_{m,n}^2]) \Delta x_n^2) \\
&= a^2 ((E[q_{i,1}^2] E[w_{1,1}^2] + \dots + E[q_{i,m}^2] E[w_{m,1}^2]) \Delta x_1^2 \\
&\quad + \dots + (E[q_{i,m}^2] E[w_{1,n}^2] + \dots + E[q_{i,m}^2] E[w_{m,n}^2]) \Delta x_n^2) \\
&= a^2 ((\sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 + \dots + \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2) \Delta x_1^2 + \dots + (\sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 + \dots + \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2) \Delta x_n^2) \\
&= a^2 (m \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \Delta x_1^2 + \dots + m \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \Delta x_n^2) \\
&= a^2 m \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \sum_{j=1}^n \Delta x_j^2 \\
&= m a^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \|\Delta x\|^2
\end{aligned}$$

Recalling that

$$E[||\Delta y||^2] = E[\Delta y_1^2] + E[\Delta y_2^2] + \dots + E[\Delta y_p^2]$$

We have

$$E[||\Delta y||^2] = pma^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \|\Delta x\|^2$$

It easily follows that

$$\begin{aligned}
E[||\Delta y||^2 - \|\Delta x\|^2] &= E[||\Delta y||^2] - E[\|\Delta x\|^2] \\
&= pma^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \|\Delta x\|^2 - \|\Delta x\|^2 \\
&= \|\Delta x\|^2 (pma^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 - 1)
\end{aligned}$$

Now to compute $\text{Var}[|\Delta y|^2]$. We begin by noting that

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Var}[|\Delta y|^2] &= \text{Var}[\Delta y_1^2 + \Delta y_2^2 + \dots + \Delta y_p^2] \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^p \text{Cov}(\Delta y_i^2, \Delta y_j^2) \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^p (E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2] - E[\Delta y_i^2] E[\Delta y_j^2]) \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^p (E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2] - m a^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 |\Delta x|^2)^2 \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^p \sum_{j=1}^p (E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2] - (m^2 a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 |\Delta x|^4)^2)
\end{aligned}$$

So it suffices to find $E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2]$, which we do separately for $i = j$ and $i \neq j$. Recalling that

$$r_{i,j} = q_{i,1} w_{1,j} + q_{i,2} w_{2,j} + \dots + q_{i,m} w_{m,j} = \sum_{t=1}^m q_{i,t} w_{t,j}$$

we note that

$$\begin{aligned}
\Delta y_i^2 &= (a \sum_{s=1}^n \sum_{t=1}^m q_{i,t} w_{t,s} \Delta x_s^2)^2 \\
&= (a \sum_{s=1}^n r_{i,s} \Delta x_s^2)^2 \\
&= a^2 (\sum_{s=1}^n r_{i,s} \Delta x_s^2)^2 \\
&= a^2 ((r_{i,1}^2 \Delta x_1^2 + r_{i,1} r_{i,2} \Delta x_1 \Delta x_2 + \dots + r_{i,1} r_{i,n} \Delta x_1 \Delta x_n) \\
&\quad + \dots + (r_{i,n} r_{i,1} \Delta x_n \Delta x_1 + r_{i,n} r_{i,2} \Delta x_n \Delta x_2 + \dots + r_{i,n}^2 \Delta x_n^2))
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned}
y_j^2 &= a^2 ((r_{j,1}^2 \Delta x_1^2 + r_{j,1} r_{j,2} \Delta x_1 \Delta x_2 + \dots + r_{j,1} r_{j,n} \Delta x_1 \Delta x_n) \\
&\quad + \dots + (r_{j,n} r_{j,1} \Delta x_n \Delta x_1 + r_{j,n} r_{j,2} \Delta x_n \Delta x_2 + \dots + r_{j,n}^2 \Delta x_n^2))
\end{aligned}$$

So the terms of $\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2$ have the form

$$a^4 (r_{i,a} r_{i,b} r_{j,c} r_{j,d}) (\Delta x_a \Delta x_b \Delta x_c \Delta x_d)$$

where a, b, c, d are indices. In turn, the terms of $r_{i,a}r_{i,b}r_{j,c}r_{j,d}$ have the form

$$(q_{i,s}w_{s,a})(q_{i,t}w_{t,b})(q_{j,u}w_{u,c})(q_{j,v}w_{v,d}) = (q_{i,s}q_{i,t}q_{j,u}q_{j,v})(w_{s,a}w_{t,b}w_{u,c}w_{v,d})$$

So the terms of $\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2$ have the form

$$a^4(q_{i,s}q_{i,t}q_{j,u}q_{j,v})(w_{s,a}w_{t,b}w_{u,c}w_{v,d})(\Delta x_a \Delta x_b \Delta x_c \Delta x_d)$$

Yet again, we need only consider terms that are not linear in q or w because all others evaluate to zero under the expected value operator. So we consider all of the cases in which the terms do not evaluate to zero. First,

Table 1: default

$i \neq j$	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = t, u = v$	$a = b, c = d$
	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = u, t = v$	$a = c, b = d$
	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = v, t = u$	$a = d, b = c$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = b \neq c = d$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = c \neq b = d$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = d \neq b = c$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = b = c = d$

Second,

This enumeration of combinations reduces to

and

Table 2: default

$i = j$	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = t, u = v$	$a = b, c = d$
	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = u, t = v$	$a = c, b = d$
	$s = t \neq u = v$	$s = v, t = u$	$a = d, b = c$
	$s = u \neq t = v$	$s = t, u = v$	$a = b, c = d$
	$s = u \neq t = v$	$s = u, t = v$	$a = c, b = d$
	$s = u \neq t = v$	$s = v, t = u$	$a = d, b = c$
	$s = v \neq t = u$	$s = t, u = v$	$a = b, c = d$
	$s = v \neq t = u$	$s = u, t = v$	$a = c, b = d$
	$s = v \neq t = u$	$s = v, t = u$	$a = d, b = c$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = b \neq c = d$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = c \neq b = d$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = d \neq b = c$
	$s = t = u = v$		$a = b = c = d$

Table 3: default

1	$i \neq j$	$s = t \neq u = v$	$a = b \neq c = d$
2		$s = t \neq u = v$	$a = b = c = d$
3		$s = t = u = v$	$a = b \neq c = d$
4		$s = t = u = v$	$a = c \neq b = d$
5		$s = t = u = v$	$a = d \neq b = c$
6		$s = t = u = v$	$a = b = c = d$

Table 4: default

1	i = j	s = t \neq u = v	a = b \neq c = d
2		s = t \neq u = v	a = b = c = d
3		s = u \neq t = v	a = c \neq b = d
4		s = u \neq t = v	a = b = c = d
5		s = v \neq t = u	a = d \neq b = c
6		s = v \neq t = u	a = b = c = d
7		s = t = u = v	a = b \neq c = d
8		s = t = u = v	a = c \neq b = d
9		s = t = u = v	a = d \neq b = c
10		s = t = u = v	a = b = c = d

Now for 1:

$$\begin{aligned}
 E[Type1] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^2 q_{j,u}^2 w_{s,a}^2 w_{u,c}^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2\right] \\
 &= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n E[q_{i,s}^2] E[q_{j,u}^2] E[w_{s,a}^2] E[w_{u,c}^2] \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
 &= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \sigma_q^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \sigma_w^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
 &= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \Delta x_c^2 \\
 &= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1}^n \Delta x_c^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
 &= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \left(\|\Delta x\|^2 \|\Delta x\|^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
 &= m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\|\Delta x\|^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

For Type 2:

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Type2] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^2 q_{j,u}^2 w_{s,a}^4 \Delta x_a^4\right] \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n E[q_{i,s}^2] E[q_{j,u}^2] E[w_{s,a}^4] \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sigma_q^2 \sigma_q^2 (3\sigma_w^4) \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 3a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{u=1, u \neq s}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 3m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

For Type 3:

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Type1] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^2 q_{j,s}^2 w_{s,a}^2 w_{s,c}^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2\right] \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n E[q_{i,s}^2] E[q_{j,s}^2] E[w_{s,a}^2] E[w_{s,c}^2] \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \sigma_q^2 \sigma_q^2 \sigma_w^2 \sigma_w^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1}^n \Delta x_c^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
&= a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \left(||\Delta x||^2 ||\Delta x||^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
&= ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(||\Delta x||^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

By symmetry, we have

$$E[Type3] = E[Type4] = E[Type5]$$

Finally, for Type 6:

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Type6] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^2 q_{j,s}^2 w_{s,a}^4 \Delta x_a^4\right] \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n E[q_{i,s}^2] E[q_{j,s}^2] E[w_{s,a}^4] \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sigma_q^2 \sigma_q^2 (3\sigma_w^4) \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 3a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 3ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4
\end{aligned}$$

So for $i = j$, $E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2]$ is given by

$$\begin{aligned}
E[\Delta y_i^4] &= E[Type1] + E[Type2] + 3E[Type3] + E[Type6] \\
&= m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\|\Delta x\|^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
&\quad + 3m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \right) \\
&\quad + 3 \left(ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\|\Delta x\|^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \right) \\
&\quad + 3ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\|\Delta x\|^4 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) + 3ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \|\Delta x\|^4
\end{aligned}$$

By symmetry, we have

$$E[Type1] = E[Type2] = E[Type3] = E[Type5]$$

By symmetry, we have

$$E[Type2] = E[Type2] = E[Type4] = E[Type6]$$

For Type 7:

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Type7] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^4 w_{s,a}^2 w_{s,c}^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2\right] \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n E[q_{i,s}^4] E[w_{s,a}^2] E[w_{s,c}^2] \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n (3\sigma_q^2) \sigma_w^2 \sigma_w^2 \Delta x_a^2 \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= 3a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1, c \neq a}^n \Delta x_c^2 \\
&= 3a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^2 \sum_{c=1}^n \Delta x_c^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
&= 3a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \left(\|\Delta x\|^2 \|\Delta x\|^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \\
&= 3ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\|\Delta x\|^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right)
\end{aligned}$$

By symmetry, we have

$$E[Type7] = E[Type8] = E[Type9]$$

Finally, for Type 10:

$$\begin{aligned}
E[Type10] &= E\left[\sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n a^4 q_{i,s}^4 w_{s,a}^4 \Delta x_a^4\right] \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n E[q_{i,s}^2] E[q_{j,s}^2] E[w_{s,a}^4] \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= a^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n (3\sigma_q^2)(3\sigma_w^4) \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 9a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{s=1}^m \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 9ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4
\end{aligned}$$

So for $i \neq j$, $E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2]$ is given by

$$\begin{aligned}
E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2] &= 3E[Type1] + 3E[Type2] + 3E[Type7] + E[Type10] \\
&= 3 \left(m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(||\Delta x||^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \right) \\
&\quad + 3 \left(3m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(\sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \right) \right) \\
&\quad + 3 \left(3ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(||\Delta x||^4 - \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) \right) \\
&\quad + 9ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \sum_{a=1}^n \Delta x_a^4 \\
&= 3m(m-1)a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 \left(||\Delta x||^4 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i^4 \right) + 9ma^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 ||\Delta x||^4
\end{aligned}$$

So since

$$Var[||\Delta y||^2] = \sum_{i=1, j=1, j \neq i}^p E[\Delta y_i^2 \Delta y_j^2] + \sum_{i=j=1}^p E[\Delta y_i^4] - p^2 m^2 a^4 \sigma_q^4 \sigma_w^4 ||\Delta x||^4$$